### **Purpose**

This policy explains the circumstances under which an eligible employee may use the various types of paid and unpaid leave provided by Salt Lake County.

### I. Policy

Salt Lake County provides various types of paid and unpaid leave for an employee's absence from work for personal and professional reasons. Documentation supporting a request may be required at any time (i.e. military orders; funeral program for funeral leave). Leave under the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA), Americans with Disabilities Act as Amended (ADAA), Worker's Compensation and Long Term Disability are covered under separate policies.

#### II. Procedures

- A. Administrative Leave
  - 1. Administrative leave may be paid or unpaid.
  - 2. An employee may be placed on administrative leave for an investigation or other organizational needs.
    - a. An employee will be placed on administrative leave for the minimum time necessary to complete the investigation or satisfy organizational needs.
  - 3. An employee may receive a bonus award in the form of paid administrative leave.
    - a. The total amount of all bonus awards of paid administrative leave may not exceed five working days in aggregate over a calendar year.
    - b. A bonus award in the form of paid administrative leave must be used within a year of the date granted.
  - 4. A department director or elected official may grant an award of up to eighty (80) hours of paid administrative leave as a recruitment incentive to a new county employee or a current county employee who does not accrue leave in the former position. The recruitment incentive must be used within a year of the start date.
- B. Compensatory time will be granted in accordance with HR Policy 5-300, Payroll.
- C. Funeral Leave
  - 1. Employees in the following employment statuses are eligible for a paid funeral leave: 02 regular, 03 probationary, 04 provisional, 08 permanent part-time with benefits and 12 time limited appointed.
    - a. At the discretion of the administrator, funeral leave may be granted to make funeral arrangements, settle family affairs, attend the funeral or memorial service and for bereavement.
  - 2. The amount of funeral leave granted is at the discretion of the administrator based upon the employee's individual circumstances and the needs of the agency. The maximum time off for funeral leave is as follows:
    - a. Up to 40 work hours for immediate family which includes spouse, adult designee, child, ward, dependent child of an adult designee, parent, legal guardian, brother, sister, grandparent, grandchild, mother-in-law, father-in-law and step-relatives of the same order.
    - b. Up to 24 work hours that may be extended to 40 work hours for other family members who include uncle, aunt, nephew, niece, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, son-in-law and daughter-in-law.

- c. Up to ten hours per calendar year for other relatives and friends Hours not used in the calendar year will not to be carried forward to the next year.
- d. If additional time off is needed, an employee may request to use vacation, compensatory time or leave without pay.
- e. In the event of a family member's death while an employee is on vacation, the employee's time off may be extended by the amount of funeral leave permitted by this policy if approved by the administrator.
- D. Miscarriage and Still Birth Bereavement
  - 1. In accordance with Utah Code Ann. § 10-3-1103, any employee may take up to three workdays of paid bereavement leave in the following circumstances:
    - a. Following the end of the employee's pregnancy by way of a miscarriage or stillbirth; or
    - b. Following the end of another individual's pregnancy by way of a miscarriage or stillbirth, if:
      - i. The employee is the individual's spouse or partner; or
      - ii. the employee is the individual's former spouse or partner; and the employee would have been a biological parent of a child born as a result of the pregnancy; or
    - c. The employee provides documentation to show that the individual intended for the employee to be an adoptive parent, as that term is defined in Utah Code Ann. § 78B-6-103, of a child born as a result of the pregnancy; or
    - d. Under a valid gestational agreement in accordance with Utah Code Ann. § 78B-15-8, the employee would have been a parent of a child born as a result of the pregnancy.
  - 2. For Benefits Eligible employees, this bereavement leave following a miscarriage or stillbirth runs concurrently with, and is not separate from, Funeral Leave.

### E. Holiday Leave

- 1. Employees in the following employment statuses are eligible for paid leave on holidays: 02 regular, 03 probationary, 04 provisional and 12 time limited appointed.
- 2. Employees in the following employment statuses are eligible for pro-rated paid leave on holidays based on the number of hours the employee is normally scheduled to work weekly (i.e. 20 hours per week = 4 hours paid leave; 30 hours per week = 6 hours paid leave): 04 provisional, and 08 permanent part-time with benefits.
- 3. A benefits eligible employee who works an alternative schedule is eligible for holiday pay based on the FTE held.
- 4. Employees in 05 temporary status are not eligible for paid leave on holidays.
- 5. To be eligible for holiday pay, an employee must be in an eligible pay status the lastscheduled work day before the holiday is observed.
- 6. The following days are defined as legal holidays when most County government offices are closed:

Christmas Day

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a.	The 1st day of January	New Year's Day
b.	The 3rd Monday of January	Martin Luther King Day
c.	The 3rd Monday of February-	President's Day
d.	The last Monday in May	Memorial Day
e.	The 19th Day of June	Juneteenth Independence Day
f.	The 4th day of July	Independence Day
g.	The 24th day of July	Pioneer Day
h.	The 1st Monday of September	Labor Day
i.	The 11th day of November	Veterans Day
j.	The 4th Thursday of November	Thanksgiving Day
k.	The 4th Friday of November	Day after Thanksgiving

Approved and passed \_\_\_\_\_\_, 2025

I. The 25th day of December

- 7. A holiday that falls on a Sunday will be observed on the following Monday. A holiday that falls on a Saturday will be observed on the preceding Friday.
- 8. Employees required to work on holidays are paid in accordance with <u>HR Policy 5-100 Pay Practices</u>.
- 9. As holidays occur, the eligible employee will receive either a cash payment based on the FTE held or leave added to their holiday bank based on the FTE held. An employee may not use other paid leave in order to bank a holiday, unless the employee is on FMLA.
- 10. When employees record holiday on their timecard, the hours will be deducted from the holiday bank.
- 11. Holiday leave will be audited annually at the conclusion of each employee's last full work cycle in July. Holiday leave exceeding 24 hours will be forfeited on August 1 of each year.
- 12. Hours remaining in the holiday bank will be cashed out upon separation.
- F. Holiday Leave Sheriff's Office Sworn Employees
  - 1. Employees in the following employment statuses are eligible for 96 hours of holiday leave per calendar year: 02 regular and 03 probationary. The 96 hours of holiday leave is in lieu of the holidays listed in 4-200-II-D-6.
  - 2. The 96 hours of holiday leave will be divided equally between the 12 calendar months of the year. Employees are eligible to use eight hours of holiday leave at the beginning of each month.
  - 3. Employees who take 80 hours or more of leave without pay (LWOP) in one month will not be awarded holiday leave for the following month.
  - 4. Holiday hours will be prorated based on the number of months worked by an employee entering the Peace Officer's Merit Commission (POMC) system during the calendar year.
  - 5. Employees entering the POMC system from the Career Service system will be awarded unused hours in the former position for the calendar year.
  - 6. Employees who work on holidays will be paid at straight time unless the requirements for overtime are met.
  - 7. Supervisors should allow for the scheduling of eight holiday hours off per month. Due to the difficulty in maintaining shift schedules for 24 hour coverage, holiday leave may be scheduled by the Sheriff's Office Divisions.
  - 8. Holiday leave will be audited annually at the conclusion of each employee's last full work cycle in July. Holiday leave exceeding 24 hours will be forfeited on August 1 of each year.
- G. Jury and Witness Leave
  - 1. Employees in the following employment statuses are eligible for a paid leave of absence for jury or witness duty in response to a subpoena or directive by the Federal Government, State of Utah or its political subdivisions: 02 regular, 03 probationary, 04 provisional, 08 permanent part-time, 09 part-time and 12 time limited appointed.
    - a. Sheriff's Office sworn employees in employment status 02 regular.
  - 2. Jury duty is an approved absence.
    - a. An employee will be granted paid time off for jury duty.
    - b. Scheduled work time may be spent traveling to and from jury duty.
    - c. An employee may keep income received from jury duty.
  - 3. Witness duty may be an approved absence if related to employment.
    - a. Traveling to and from employment-related witness duty.
    - b. An employee may keep income received from witness duty.
  - 4. An employee subpoenaed for private litigation or by a party other than the Federal Government, State of Utah or its political subdivisions, to testify as an individual and not in a work-related official capacity, may request to use vacation or leave without pay.

- H. Leave Without Pay (Excluding Long Term Disability Applicants, Workers Compensation, Military Leave and Family and Medical Leave (FMLA)
  - 1. Employees in the following employment statuses may submit a written request for an unpaid leave of absence not to exceed 180 consecutive days in a 12 month period to the employee's supervisor: 02 regular, 08 permanent part-time, 09 part-time, and 12 timelimited appointed.
  - 2. The supervisor will submit a recommendation for approval of a request for leave without pay of more than 2 calendar days to their department director or elected official.
  - 3. An employee on leave without pay for more than a cumulative 30 calendar days does not accumulate retirement benefits and contributions to the employee's state Retirement Fund will not be made during the period of leave.
  - 4. An employee on leave without pay does not accrue sick or vacation leave.
  - 5. Insurance benefits for leave without pay of 30 or more consecutive days will be handled in accordance with <a href="HR Policy 4-300">HR Policy 4-300</a> Insurance and Retirement Programs and <a href="HR Policy 4-900">HR Policy 4-900</a> Retirement Policy.
  - 6. An employee returning from leave without pay status will be reinstated in accordance with HR Policy 2-700 Employment Practices.

#### I. Military Leave

- 1. Employees in the following employment statuses are eligible for a paid leave of absence for military duty: 02 regular, 03 probationary, 04 provisional, 08 permanent part-time and 12 time limited appointed.
- 2. The employee may be granted up to a maximum of 15 working days (120 hours) per calendar year.
- 3. If additional time off is required, the employee may use vacation or leave without pay.
- 4. A copy of the military orders supporting the leave request will be submitted to the employee's Administrator before beginning leave. The agency will forward a copy of the military orders to the Human Resources Division for placement in the employee's official personnel file.
- 5. Employees activated for military duty under the <u>Uniformed Services Employment and Re-Employment Rights Act (USERRA)</u> may be absent from employment for the period required by the official orders and as prescribed in the Act.
- 6. An employee returning from active duty will be reinstated in accordance with <u>Uniformed Services Employment and Re-Employment Rights Act (USERRA)</u> and <u>HR Policy 4-300 Insurance</u> and Retirement Programs and HR Policy 4-900 Retirement Policy.

#### J. Sick Leave

- 1. Employees in employment statuses 02 regular, 03 probationary, 04 provisional, 08 permanent part-time and 12 time limited appointed will accumulate sick leave according to the following formula:
  - a. Accrual = regular hours worked x (times) .04615
  - b. A Multiple Jobs Employee accrues sick leave based upon the hours worked in the Primary Position and not the hours worked in a Subordinate Position or the hours worked for a Subordinate Agency.
- 2. There is no limit on the amount of sick leave that may be accrued and carried forward to succeeding years.
- 3. Sick leave may be used for an employee's absence from work due to illness, injury, medical appointments and to care for an ill or injured immediate family member.
- 4. Sick leave may be used after the employee has completed one month of employment.
- 5. Sick leave may be used in increments of one quarter hour or more.
- 6. Employees are not allowed to use sick leave for any period of time beyond or in advance of time already accrued.

- 7. Holidays occurring while an employee is on sick leave are not deducted from accrued leave.
- 8. Employees will report an intended absence to their supervisor prior to the beginning of their scheduled workday or following normal agency call-in procedures.
- 9. Administrators are responsible for approving or denying sick leave requests and may require medical clarification of illness. Employees using five or more consecutive days of sick leave will be required to provide a note from a health care provider documenting the medical need for the absence.
- 10. Employees who use little or no accrued sick leave during the calendar year will automatically have a portion of the unused sick leave converted to vacation in January of each year according to the following formula:
  - a. Accrued Credit (minus) Used Credit (minus) 64 Hours = Converted Credit
    - i. Employees may waive conversion of sick leave by submitting a written request to the Human Resources Division no later than December 15 of each year.
- 11. Sick leave is not accrued when an employee is on leave without pay.
- 12. When an employee transfers from one Agency to another, accrued sick leave will be transferred to the new Agency.
- 13. Employees terminating County employment, for reasons other than retirement, will not be compensated for unused sick leave accumulated prior to the termination date.
- 14. An employee may not donate sick leave to another employee.
- 15. Agencies may not require a minimum balance of accrued sick leave.
- K. Vacation and Personal Preference Day
  - 1. Employees in statuses 02 regular, 03 probationary, 04 provisional, 08 permanent part-time and 12 time limited appointed will accrue vacation according to the following schedule:

YEARS OF SERVICE	ACCRUAL		
0 to 2+	Full-time: 12 days (96 hours)		
	Part-time: Hours paid x .046154		
3 to 5+	Full-time: 15 days (120 hours)		
	Part-time: Hours paid x .057692		
6 to 10+	Full-time: 18 days (144 hours)		
	Part-time: Hours paid x .069231		
11 to 15+	Full-time: 21 days (168 hours)		
	Part-time: Hours paid x .080769		
16+	Full-time: 24 days (192 hours)		
	Part-time: Hours paid x .092308		

- A Multiple Jobs Employee accrues vacation leave based upon the hours worked in the Primary Position and not the hours worked in a Subordinate Position or for a Subordinate Agency.
- 3. For purposes of leave accrual, Human Resources shall establish an employee's service date based upon prior relevant experience and any service in a comparable public merit system.
- 4. Vacation and the personal preference day may be used after the employee has completed one month of employment.
- 5. Vacation may be used in increments of one quarter hour or more.
- 6. Personal Preference Day
  - a. Employees eligible to accrue and use vacation are eligible to use a personal preference day based on FTE.

- i. Employees may take the Personal Preference Day at their discretion with supervisor approval.
- b. Preference days are not cumulative and will be forfeited if not used within the calendar year.
- 7. Employees must request approval to use accrued vacation from their supervisor prior to scheduling.
- 8. Administrators will encourage employees to use accrued vacation and to arrange work schedules so that employees may take vacations at times convenient for them as well as for the County.
- 9. Holidays occurring while an employee is on vacation are not deducted from accrued vacation.
- 10. Employees are not allowed to use vacation for any period of time not currently documented in the payroll system.
- 11. No more than 40 days (320 hours) of unused accrued vacation will be carried from one year to the succeeding year (use or lose).
- 12. Vacation is not accrued when an employee is in leave without pay status.
- 13. Vacation accrued at the time an employee terminates will be paid in accordance with HR Policies <u>2-800 Resignation and Exit Interviews</u>; <u>4-300 Insurance and Retirement Programs</u>; and 4-900 Retirement Policy.
- 14. Agencies may not require a minimum balance of accrued vacation leave.

#### L. Parental Leave

- 1. Eligibility To qualify for parental leave a Benefits Eligible employee must meet all of the following conditions at the time of the birth or adoption:
  - a. The employee must have worked for y for 12 months or 52 weeks (2080 hours) with no break in employment;
  - The employee must have worked at least 1,250 hours during the 12-month period immediately prior to the requested leave date (paid leave time does not count toward this requirement); and
  - c. The employee must be taking the leave for:
    - i. the birth of a child and to care for that child; or
    - ii. the placement of a child for adoption and to care for the newly placed child.
- 2. Employees that are eligible for parental leave are entitled to receive six weeks (240 hours) of consecutive paid leave.
  - a. The eligible birth mother or parent giving birth is entitled to an additional six weeks (240 hours) of consecutive paid leave immediately after the birth to recover from the physical and medical effects of pregnancy and childbirth.
  - b. Employees may accrue holiday leave for holidays that occur during parental leave.
  - c. If an employee on parental leave is required to attend a work-related activity, and records paid time, that does not violate the requirement that the leave be taken consecutively.
- 3. Employees will report the pending birth or adoption of a child to their supervisor as soon as practicable.
- 4. Administrators are responsible for approving parental leave requests and shall require documentation verifying the birth or adoption.
- 5. Parental leave must commence within six months of the birth or adoption of the child.

### M. Voluntary Furlough

1. Employees in the following employment statuses are eligible to participate in the voluntary furlough program: 02 regular, 03 probationary, 04 provisional, 08 permanent part-time, 09 part time, 12 time limited appointed and 95 appointed.

- 2. The Voluntary Furlough Program is available only when authorized for budget-required reasons by the County Council.
- 3. Employees in the following employment statuses must have a combination of 80 hours of accrued vacation and sick leave before the voluntary furlough is approved and taken: 02 regular, 03 probationary, 04 provisional and 08 permanent part-time.
- 4. Voluntary furlough leave is approved in the same manner as vacation and sick time.
- 5. An employee may take no more than 30 voluntary furlough days per calendar year and no more than ten consecutive voluntary furlough days at a time.
- 6. Voluntary furlough leave is recorded as leave without pay.
- 7. Employees designated as Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) non-exempt may take furlough as a normal scheduled workday or partial day; a partial day is considered to be one-half the employee's normally scheduled workday.
- 8. Employees designated as FLSA exempt may take furlough in full day increments and do not lose their exempt status except for the workweek in which the furlough occurs.
  - a. An FLSA exempt employee will not perform any work-related tasks while on furlough.
  - b. An FLSA exempt employee will not work more than 40 total hours including regular hours and furloughed hours during a workweek.
- 9. Employees cannot use leave time or work extra hours during a work week to cover furlough time.
- 10. Employees cannot use furlough time as part of an approved leave without pay or for a disciplinary suspension.
- 11. An employee who elects to include a legal holiday as part of the Voluntary Furlough Program will not be paid for the designated legal holiday(s).
- 12. Employees approved for furlough receive the same benefits available under this policy, HR Policy <u>4-300 Insurance and Retirement Programs</u>, and HR Policy <u>4-900 Retirement Policy</u> at a reduced rate.
- 13. Voluntary furlough is not considered a break in service requiring a service date adjustment.
- 14. No overtime costs or the use of temporary employees will be used or incurred as a result of granting a furlough.
- 15. The Human Resources Division will develop and distribute a <u>form</u> for participating agencies to document the terms of the voluntary furlough program.
- 16. Employees paid by a funding source other than the County will only be granted furlough time consistent with the terms and conditions of the funding source.

#### N. Unauthorized Leave

1. Any other absence not covered above and approved by the agency may be designated as unauthorized leave without pay and could result in discipline.

### O. Intra-County Transfer

- 1. A transferred employee keeps all accrued annual and sick leave.
- 2. A non-exempt transferred employee shall have their accrued compensatory time either cashed out prior to the transfer or transferred with the employee if approved by the receiving agency's discretion.

#### P. Exhaustion of Leave

1. An employee who has exhausted all available leave may be subject to an Administrative Separation.

### Q. Status Change Pay Out of Leave

1. An employee shall have the option to be paid out or bank vacation and holiday leave when changing from a status that accrues leave to a status that does not.

### References

- A. Uniformed Services Employment & Re-employment Rights Act, 38 U.S.C. 43-4301 et seq.
- B. Utah Code Ann. § 63-13-2 et seq.
- C. Utah Code Ann. § 39-1-36 et seq.
- D. Utah Code Ann. § 10-3-1103 et seq.
- E. Human Resources Policy:
  - 2. 1-200, General Definitions
  - 3. 2-100, Employment Status
  - 4. 3-1200, Administrative Separations
  - 5. 2-800, Resignation and Exit Interviews
  - 6. 4-400, Workers' Compensation
  - 7. 4-600, Family and Medical Leave (FMLA)
  - 8. 4-800, Service Awards
  - 9. 5-100, Pay and Employment Practices

APPROVED and ADOPTED this	day of	, 2025.
		SALT LAKE COUNTY COUNCIL
		Ву
ATTEST:		Dea Theodore, Chair
Lannie Chapman, County Clerk		
	Voting	
		il Member Bradshaw il Member Harrison
		il Member Moren
		il Member Pinkney
		il Member Romero
	Counc	il Member Stewart
	Counc	il Member Stringham
	Counc	il Member Theodore
	Counc	il Member Winder Newton

### **Purpose**

This policy explains the circumstances under which an eligible employee may use the various types of paid and unpaid leave provided by Salt Lake County.

### I. Policy

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#### II. Procedures

- A. Administrative Leave
  - 1. Administrative leave may be paid or unpaid.
  - 2. An employee may be placed on administrative leave for an investigation or other organizational needs.
    - a. An employee will be placed on administrative leave for the minimum time necessary to complete the investigation or satisfy organizational needs.
  - 3. An employee may receive a bonus award in the form of paid administrative leave.
    - a. The total amount of all bonus awards of paid administrative leave may not exceed five working days in aggregate over a calendar year.
    - b. A bonus award in the form of paid administrative leave must be used within a year of the date granted.
  - 4. A department director or elected official may grant an award of up to eighty (80) hours of paid administrative leave as a recruitment incentive to a new county employee or a current county employee who does not accrue leave in the former position. The recruitment incentive must be used within a year of the start date.
- B. Compensatory time will be granted in accordance with HR Policy 5-300, Payroll.
- C. Funeral Leave
  - 1. Employees in the following employment statuses are eligible for a paid funeral leave: 02 regular, 03 probationary, 04 provisional, 08 permanent part-time with benefits and 12 time limited appointed.
    - a. At the discretion of the administrator, funeral leave may be granted to make funeral arrangements, settle family affairs, attend the funeral or memorial service and for bereavement.
  - 2. The amount of funeral leave granted is at the discretion of the administrator based upon the employee's individual circumstances and the needs of the agency. The maximum time off for funeral leave is as follows:
    - a. Up to 40 work hours for immediate family which includes spouse, adult designee, child, ward, dependent child of an adult designee, parent, legal guardian, brother, sister, grandparent, grandchild, mother-in-law, father-in-law and step-relatives of the same order.
    - b. Up to 24 work hours that may be extended to 40 work hours for other family members who include uncle, aunt, nephew, niece, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, son-in-law and daughter-in-law.

- c. Up to ten hours per calendar year for other relatives and friends Hours not used in the calendar year will not to be carried forward to the next year.
- d. If additional time off is needed, an employee may request to use vacation, compensatory time or leave without pay.
- e. In the event of a family member's death while an employee is on vacation, the employee's time off may be extended by the amount of funeral leave permitted by this policy if approved by the administrator.

#### D. Miscarriage and Still Birth Bereavement

- 1. In accordance with Utah Code Ann. § 10-3-1103, any employee may take up to three workdays of paid bereavement leave in the following circumstances:
  - a. Following the end of the employee's pregnancy by way of a miscarriage or stillbirth; or
  - b. Following the end of another individual's pregnancy by way of a miscarriage or stillbirth, if:
    - i. The employee is the individual's spouse or partner; or
    - ii. the employee is the individual's former spouse or partner; and the employee would have been a biological parent of a child born as a result of the pregnancy; or
  - c. The employee provides documentation to show that the individual intended for the employee to be an adoptive parent, as that term is defined in Utah Code Ann. § 78B-6-103, of a child born as a result of the pregnancy; or
  - d. Under a valid gestational agreement in accordance with Utah Code Ann. § 78B-15-8, the employee would have been a parent of a child born as a result of the pregnancy.
- 2. For Benefits Eligible employees, this bereavement leave following a miscarriage or stillbirth runs concurrently with, and is not separate from, Funeral Leave.

### E. Holiday Leave

- 1. Employees in the following employment statuses are eligible for paid leave on holidays: 02 regular, 03 probationary, 04 provisional and 12 time limited appointed.
- 2. Employees in the following employment statuses are eligible for pro-rated paid leave on holidays based on the number of hours the employee is normally scheduled to work weekly (i.e. 20 hours per week = 4 hours paid leave; 30 hours per week = 6 hours paid leave): 04 provisional, and 08 permanent part-time with benefits.
- 3. A benefits eligible employee who works an alternative schedule is eligible for holiday pay based on the FTE held.
- 4. Employees in 05 temporary status are not eligible for paid leave on holidays.
- 5. To be eligible for holiday pay, an employee must be in an eligible pay status the lastscheduled work day before the holiday is observed.
- 6. The following days are defined as legal holidays when most County government offices are closed:

a. The 1st day of January New Year's Day b. The 3rd Monday of January Martin Luther King Day c. The 3rd Monday of February-President's Day d. The last Monday in May Memorial Day e. The 19th Day of June Juneteenth Independence Day f. The 4th day of July Independence Day

g. The 24th day of July Pioneer Day h. The 1st Monday of September Labor Day i. The 11th day of November **Veterans Day** j. The 4th Thursday of November Thanksgiving Day

k. The 4th Friday of November Day after Thanksgiving

I. The 25th day of December Christmas Day

- 7. A holiday that falls on a Sunday will be observed on the following Monday. A holiday that falls on a Saturday will be observed on the preceding Friday.
  - a. The Juneteenth Holiday will be observed as follows:
    - i. If June 19 falls on any day Tuesday-Friday, it will be observed the preceding Monday. ii. If June 19 falls on Saturday or Sunday, it will be observed the following Monday.
- 8. Employees required to work on holidays are paid in accordance with <u>HR Policy 5-100 Pay</u> Practices.
- 9. As holidays occur, the eligible employee will receive either a cash payment based on the FTE held or leave added to their holiday bank based on the FTE held. An employee may not use other paid leave in order to bank a holiday, unless the employee is on FMLA.
- 10. When employees record holiday on their timecard, the hours will be deducted from the holiday bank.
- 11. Holiday leave will be audited annually at the conclusion of each employee's last full work cycle in July. Holiday leave exceeding 24 hours will be forfeited on August 1 of each year.
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- F. Holiday Leave Sheriff's Office Sworn Employees
  - 1. Employees in the following employment statuses are eligible for 96 hours of holiday leave per calendar year: 02 regular and 03 probationary. The 96 hours of holiday leave is in lieu of the holidays listed in 4-200-II-D-6.
  - 2. The 96 hours of holiday leave will be divided equally between the 12 calendar months of the year. Employees are eligible to use eight hours of holiday leave at the beginning of each month.
  - 3. Employees who take 80 hours or more of leave without pay (LWOP) in one month will not be awarded holiday leave for the following month.
  - 4. Holiday hours will be prorated based on the number of months worked by an employee entering the Peace Officer's Merit Commission (POMC) system during the calendar year.
  - 5. Employees entering the POMC system from the Career Service system will be awarded unused hours in the former position for the calendar year.
  - 6. Employees who work on holidays will be paid at straight time unless the requirements for overtime are met.
  - 7. Supervisors should allow for the scheduling of eight holiday hours off per month. Due to the difficulty in maintaining shift schedules for 24 hour coverage, holiday leave may be scheduled by the Sheriff's Office Divisions.
  - 8. Holiday leave will be audited annually at the conclusion of each employee's last full work cycle in July. Holiday leave exceeding 24 hours will be forfeited on August 1 of each year.
- G. Jury and Witness Leave
  - 1. Employees in the following employment statuses are eligible for a paid leave of absence for jury or witness duty in response to a subpoena or directive by the Federal Government, State of Utah or its political subdivisions: 02 regular, 03 probationary, 04 provisional, 08 permanent part-time, 09 part-time and 12 time limited appointed.
    - a. Sheriff's Office sworn employees in employment status 02 regular.
  - 2. Jury duty is an approved absence.
    - a. An employee will be granted paid time off for jury duty.
    - b. Scheduled work time may be spent traveling to and from jury duty.
    - c. An employee may keep income received from jury duty.
  - 3. Witness duty may be an approved absence if related to employment.
    - a. Traveling to and from employment-related witness duty.
    - b. An employee may keep income received from witness duty.

- 4. An employee subpoenaed for private litigation or by a party other than the Federal Government, State of Utah or its political subdivisions, to testify as an individual and not in a work-related official capacity, may request to use vacation or leave without pay.
- H. Leave Without Pay (Excluding Long Term Disability Applicants, Workers Compensation, Military Leave and Family and Medical Leave (FMLA)
  - 1. Employees in the following employment statuses may submit a written request for an unpaid leave of absence not to exceed 180 consecutive days in a 12 month period to the employee's supervisor: 02 regular, 08 permanent part-time, 09 part-time, and 12 timelimited appointed.
  - 2. The supervisor will submit a recommendation for approval of a request for leave without pay of more than 2 calendar days to their department director or elected official.
  - 3. An employee on leave without pay for more than a cumulative 30 calendar days does not accumulate retirement benefits and contributions to the employee's state Retirement Fund will not be made during the period of leave.
  - 4. An employee on leave without pay does not accrue sick or vacation leave.
  - 5. Insurance benefits for leave without pay of 30 or more consecutive days will be handled in accordance with <u>HR Policy 4-300 Insurance and Retirement Programs</u> and <u>HR Policy 4-900 Retirement Policy</u>.
  - 6. An employee returning from leave without pay status will be reinstated in accordance with HR Policy 2-700 Employment Practices.

### I. Military Leave

- 1. Employees in the following employment statuses are eligible for a paid leave of absence for military duty: 02 regular, 03 probationary, 04 provisional, 08 permanent part-time and 12 time limited appointed.
- 2. The employee may be granted up to a maximum of 15 working days (120 hours) per calendar year.
- 3. If additional time off is required, the employee may use vacation or leave without pay.
- 4. A copy of the military orders supporting the leave request will be submitted to the employee's Administrator before beginning leave. The agency will forward a copy of the military orders to the Human Resources Division for placement in the employee's official personnel file.
- 5. Employees activated for military duty under the <u>Uniformed Services Employment and Re-Employment Rights Act (USERRA)</u> may be absent from employment for the period required by the official orders and as prescribed in the Act.
- 6. An employee returning from active duty will be reinstated in accordance with <u>Uniformed Services Employment and Re-Employment Rights Act (USERRA)</u> and <u>HR Policy 4-300 Insurance</u> and Retirement Programs and HR Policy 4-900 Retirement Policy.

#### J. Sick Leave

- 1. Employees in employment statuses 02 regular, 03 probationary, 04 provisional, 08 permanent part-time and 12 time limited appointed will accumulate sick leave according to the following formula:
  - a. Accrual = regular hours worked x (times) .04615
  - b. A Multiple Jobs Employee accrues sick leave based upon the hours worked in the Primary Position and not the hours worked in a Subordinate Position or the hours worked for a Subordinate Agency.
- 2. There is no limit on the amount of sick leave that may be accrued and carried forward to succeeding years.
- 3. Sick leave may be used for an employee's absence from work due to illness, injury, medical appointments and to care for an ill or injured immediate family member.
- 4. Sick leave may be used after the employee has completed one month of employment.

- 5. Sick leave may be used in increments of one quarter hour or more.
- 6. Employees are not allowed to use sick leave for any period of time beyond or in advance of time already accrued.
- 7. Holidays occurring while an employee is on sick leave are not deducted from accrued leave.
- 8. Employees will report an intended absence to their supervisor prior to the beginning of their scheduled workday or following normal agency call-in procedures.
- 9. Administrators are responsible for approving or denying sick leave requests and may require medical clarification of illness. Employees using five or more consecutive days of sick leave will be required to provide a note from a health care provider documenting the medical need for the absence.
- 10. Employees who use little or no accrued sick leave during the calendar year will automatically have a portion of the unused sick leave converted to vacation in January of each year according to the following formula:
  - a. Accrued Credit (minus) Used Credit (minus) 64 Hours = Converted Credit
    - i. Employees may waive conversion of sick leave by submitting a written request to the Human Resources Division no later than December 15 of each year.
- 11. Sick leave is not accrued when an employee is on leave without pay.
- 12. When an employee transfers from one Agency to another, accrued sick leave will be transferred to the new Agency.
- 13. Employees terminating County employment, for reasons other than retirement, will not be compensated for unused sick leave accumulated prior to the termination date.
- 14. An employee may not donate sick leave to another employee.
- 15. Agencies may not require a minimum balance of accrued sick leave.
- K. Vacation and Personal Preference Day
  - 1. Employees in statuses 02 regular, 03 probationary, 04 provisional, 08 permanent part-time and 12 time limited appointed will accrue vacation according to the following schedule:

YEARS OF SERVICE	ACCRUAL		
0 to 2+	Full-time: 12 days (96 hours)		
	Part-time: Hours paid x .046154		
3 to 5+	Full-time: 15 days (120 hours)		
	Part-time: Hours paid x .057692		
6 to 10+	Full-time: 18 days (144 hours)		
	Part-time: Hours paid x .069231		
11 to 15+	Full-time: 21 days (168 hours)		
	Part-time: Hours paid x .080769		
16+	Full-time: 24 days (192 hours)		
	Part-time: Hours paid x .092308		

- 2. A Multiple Jobs Employee accrues vacation leave based upon the hours worked in the Primary Position and not the hours worked in a Subordinate Position or for a Subordinate Agency.
- 3. For purposes of leave accrual, Human Resources shall establish an employee's service date based upon prior relevant experience and any service in a comparable public merit system.
- 4. Vacation and the personal preference day may be used after the employee has completed one month of employment.
- 5. Vacation may be used in increments of one quarter hour or more.

- 6. Personal Preference Day
  - a. Employees eligible to accrue and use vacation are eligible to use a personal preference day based on FTE.
    - i. Employees may take the Personal Preference Day at their discretion with supervisor approval.
  - b. Preference days are not cumulative and will be forfeited if not used within the calendar vear.
- 7. Employees must request approval to use accrued vacation from their supervisor prior to scheduling.
- 8. Administrators will encourage employees to use accrued vacation and to arrange work schedules so that employees may take vacations at times convenient for them as well as for the County.
- 9. Holidays occurring while an employee is on vacation are not deducted from accrued vacation.
- 10. Employees are not allowed to use vacation for any period of time not currently documented in the payroll system.
- 11. No more than 40 days (320 hours) of unused accrued vacation will be carried from one year to the succeeding year (use or lose).
- 12. Vacation is not accrued when an employee is in leave without pay status.
- 13. Vacation accrued at the time an employee terminates will be paid in accordance with HR Policies <u>2-800 Resignation and Exit Interviews</u>; <u>4-300 Insurance and Retirement Programs</u>; and <u>4-900 Retirement Policy</u>.
- 14. Agencies may not require a minimum balance of accrued vacation leave.

### L. Parental Leave

- 1. Eligibility To qualify for parental leave a Benefits Eligible employee must meet all of the following conditions at the time of the birth or adoption:
  - a. The employee must have worked for y for 12 months or 52 weeks (2080 hours) with no break in employment;
  - b. The employee must have worked at least 1,250 hours during the 12-month period immediately prior to the requested leave date (paid leave time does not count toward this requirement); and
  - c. The employee must be taking the leave for:
    - i. the birth of a child and to care for that child; or
    - ii. the placement of a child for adoption and to care for the newly placed child.
- 2. Employees that are eligible for parental leave are entitled to receive six weeks (240 hours) of consecutive paid leave.
  - a. The eligible birth mother or parent giving birth is entitled to an additional six weeks (240 hours) of consecutive paid leave immediately after the birth to recover from the physical and medical effects of pregnancy and childbirth.
  - b. Employees may accrue holiday leave for holidays that occur during parental leave.
  - c. If an employee on parental leave is required to attend a work-related activity, and records paid time, that does not violate the requirement that the leave be taken consecutively.
- 3. Employees will report the pending birth or adoption of a child to their supervisor as soon as practicable.
- 4. Administrators are responsible for approving parental leave requests and shall require documentation verifying the birth or adoption.
- 5. Parental leave must commence within six months of the birth or adoption of the child.

### M. Voluntary Furlough

- 1. Employees in the following employment statuses are eligible to participate in the voluntary furlough program: 02 regular, 03 probationary, 04 provisional, 08 permanent part-time, 09 part time, 12 time limited appointed and 95 appointed.
- 2. The Voluntary Furlough Program is available only when authorized for budget-required reasons by the County Council.
- 3. Employees in the following employment statuses must have a combination of 80 hours of accrued vacation and sick leave before the voluntary furlough is approved and taken: 02 regular, 03 probationary, 04 provisional and 08 permanent part-time.
- 4. Voluntary furlough leave is approved in the same manner as vacation and sick time.
- 5. An employee may take no more than 30 voluntary furlough days per calendar year and no more than ten consecutive voluntary furlough days at a time.
- 6. Voluntary furlough leave is recorded as leave without pay.
- 7. Employees designated as Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) non-exempt may take furlough as a normal scheduled workday or partial day; a partial day is considered to be one-half the employee's normally scheduled workday.
- 8. Employees designated as FLSA exempt may take furlough in full day increments and do not lose their exempt status except for the workweek in which the furlough occurs.
  - a. An FLSA exempt employee will not perform any work-related tasks while on furlough.
  - b. An FLSA exempt employee will not work more than 40 total hours including regular hours and furloughed hours during a workweek.
- 9. Employees cannot use leave time or work extra hours during a work week to cover furlough time.
- 10. Employees cannot use furlough time as part of an approved leave without pay or for a disciplinary suspension.
- 11. An employee who elects to include a legal holiday as part of the Voluntary Furlough Program will not be paid for the designated legal holiday(s).
- 12. Employees approved for furlough receive the same benefits available under this policy, HR Policy <u>4-300 Insurance and Retirement Programs</u>, and HR Policy <u>4-900 Retirement Policy</u> at a reduced rate.
- 13. Voluntary furlough is not considered a break in service requiring a service date adjustment.
- 14. No overtime costs or the use of temporary employees will be used or incurred as a result of granting a furlough.
- 15. The Human Resources Division will develop and distribute a <u>form</u> for participating agencies to document the terms of the voluntary furlough program.
- 16. Employees paid by a funding source other than the County will only be granted furlough time consistent with the terms and conditions of the funding source.

### N. Unauthorized Leave

- 1. Any other absence not covered above and approved by the agency may be designated as unauthorized leave without pay and could result in discipline.
- O. Intra-County Transfer
  - 1. A transferred employee keeps all accrued annual and sick leave.
  - 2. A non-exempt transferred employee shall have their accrued compensatory time either cashed out prior to the transfer or transferred with the employee if approved by the receiving agency's discretion.

#### P. Exhaustion of Leave

1. An employee who has exhausted all available leave may be subject to an Administrative Separation.

Q.	Status Change Pay Out of Leave

1. An employee shall have the option to be paid out or bank vacation and holiday leave when changing from a status that accrues leave to a status that does not.

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- A. Uniformed Services Employment & Re-employment Rights Act, 38 U.S.C. 43-4301 et seq.
- B. Utah Code Ann. § 63-13-2 et seq.
- C. Utah Code Ann. § 39-1-36 et seq.
- D. Utah Code Ann. § 10-3-1103 et seq.
- E. Human Resources Policy:
  - 2. 1-200, General Definitions
  - 3. 2-100, Employment Status
  - 4. 3-1200, Administrative Separations
  - 5. 2-800, Resignation and Exit Interviews
  - 6. 4-400, Workers' Compensation
  - 7. 4-600, Family and Medical Leave (FMLA)
  - 8. 4-800, Service Awards
  - 9. 5-100, Pay and Employment Practices

APPROVED and ADOPTED this	day of, 20	)25.
	SALT LAKE COUNTY	COUNCIL
	Ву	
	Dea Theodore, Chair	
ATTEST:		
Lannie Chapman, County Clerk		
	Voting:	
	Council Member Bradshaw	
	Council Member Harrison	
	Council Member Moren	
	Council Member Pinkney	
	Council Member Romero	
	Council Member Stewart	
	Council Member Stringham	
	Council Member Theodore	
	Council Member Winder Ne	ewton