

APPLICATION FOR CONTRIBUTION

NAME OF ORGANIZATION:					
ADDRESS:					
CITY:	STATE:	ZIP CODE:			
CONTACT PERSON:	PHONE N	JMBER:	EMAIL:		
ORGANIZATION OVERVIEW (which could include	e mission, histor	ry, and demograph	nics served):		
TYPE OF REQUEST: Money In-Kind	d				
Have you previously requested money from SLCo?					
If yes, when and how much (previous three years)?					
What is the amount of your request?	_				
The amount you are requesting is of you	r annual agency	budget.			
What is the purpose of the money you are requesting	ıg?:				
PLEASE ATTACH:					
Copy of organizations nonprofit status.		_			
Copy of independent audit. If you do not	have one, pleas	e enclose a copy o	of current financial statements.		
You will be expected to report to the Salt Lake Co	unty Mayor on h	now the money wa	s used and the success of the project.		
The undersigned hereby acknowledges that he or she has authority to bind the organization listed in the application. The applicant accepts the following terms and conditions as a condition of receiving and using County funds or the waiver of fees: County funds will be used solely for the purposes approved by the Mayor of Salt Lake County as applied for in this application. Any expenditure for purposes other than those approved will require a return of the entire grant amount and may disqualify the grantee from receiving any additional County funds. It is further understood that no grant fund will be made available to any County officer of employee or in violation of the requirements of the Public Employees Ethics Act (67-16-1 et seq.). No grant funds will be used for political or campaign purposes. As a further condition of the grant, all County funds may be subject to an audit as required by Salt Lake County. The applicant is required to complete the Disbursement of Funds Report Form for contributions more than \$2,500.					
Dated this, day of,	Applicant				

Internal Revenue Service
District Director

partment of the Treasury

Date:

AUG 1 6 1985

Greater Salt Lake Convention & Tourism Council, Inc. 180 South West Temple Salt Lake City, UT 84101 Employer Identification Number: 87-0415106 Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(-6)

Accounting Period Ending:
December 31
Form 990 Required: X Yes No

Person to Contact:
EO Technical Assistor
Contact Telephone Number:
(214) 767-3526

Dear Applicant:

Based on information supplied, and assuming your operations will be as stated in your application for recognition of exemption, we have determined you are exempt from Federal income tax under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code section indicated above.

Unless specifically excepted, you are liable for taxes under the Federal Insurance Contributions Act (social security taxes) for each employee to whom you pay \$100 or more during a calendar year. And, unless excepted, you are also liable for tax under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act for each employee to whom you pay \$50 or more during a calendar quarter if, during the current or preceding calendar year, you had one or more employees at any time in each of 20 calendar weeks or you paid wages of \$1,500 or more in any calendar quarter. If you have any questions about excise, employment or other Federal taxes, please address them to this office.

If your purposes, character, or method of operation change, please let us know so we can consider the effect of the change on your exempt status. Also, you should inform us of all changes in your name or address.

The block checked at the top of this letter shows whether you must file Form 990, Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax. If the Yes box is checked, you are only required to file Form 990 if your gross receipts each year are normally more than \$25,000. If a return is required, it must be filed by the 15th day of the fifth month after the end of your annual accounting period. The law provides for a penalty of \$10 a day, up to a maximum of \$5,000, when a return is filed late, unless there is reasonable cause for the delay. This penalty may also be charged if a return is not complete. So, please make sure your return is complete before you file it.

You are not required to file Federal income tax returns unless you are subject to the tax on unrelated business income under section 511 of the Internal Revenue Code. If you are subject to this tax, you must file an income tax return on Form 990-T. Exempt Organization Business Income Tax Return. In this letter we are not determining whether any of your present or proposed activities are unrelated trade or business as defined in Code section 513.

Visit Salt Lake

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors Visit Salt Lake

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Visit Salt Lake** (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of **Visit Salt Lake** as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of **Visit Salt Lake** and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibility of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about **Visit Salt Lake's** ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.



In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of Visit Salt Lake's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about **Visit Salt Lake's** ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Salt Lake City, Utah August 14, 2023

Statements of Financial Position As of December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022			2021		
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,742,257	\$	4,657,944		
Certificates of deposit		-		1,500,000		
Accounts receivable, less allowance						
of \$6,458 and \$17,061, respectively		759,088		613,091		
Note receivable, current portion		16,197		21,119		
Inventories		139		-		
Prepaid expenses		201,035		150,047		
Total current assets		5,718,716		6,942,201		
Property and equipment, net		124,001		134,334		
Note receivable, less current portion		-		16,259		
Total assets	\$	5,842,717	\$	7,092,794		
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable, trade	\$	1,039,658	\$	689,080		
Accrued liabilities		1,117,148		1,205,161		
Deferred revenue		853,742		1,437,745		
Total current liabilities		3,010,548		3,331,986		
Total liabilities		3,010,548		3,331,986		
Net assets:						
Net assets without donor restrictions		2,832,169		3,760,808		
Net assets with donor restrictions						
Total net assets		2,832,169		3,760,808		
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	5,842,717	\$	7,092,794		

Statements of Activities Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Changes in net assets without donor restrictions:		
Revenue, gains, losses, other income		
and satisfaction of restrictions:		
Public sector:	A 40 040 400	Φ 0.077.400
Contract with Salt Lake County: Operations	\$ 12,640,199	\$ 8,977,426
Contract with Salt Lake County: Ski Salt Lake Contributions of nonfinancial assets	450,000	450,000
Contributions of nonlinancial assets	254,200	254,200
	13,344,399	9,681,626
Private Sector:		
Ticketing programs	2,085,076	2,498,517
Sales and marketing programs	1,157,823	2,467,478
Simply Salt Lake gift shop	31,838	16,366
Partner development	480,779	522,085
Net investment return	65,024	50,778
	3,820,540	5,555,224
Total revenue, gains, losses, other		
income and satisfaction of restrictions	17,164,939	15,236,850
Expenses:		
Public Sector:		
Sales, marketing and services	11,208,812	7,725,598
General and administrative	2,135,587	1,956,028
	13,344,399	9,681,626
Private Sector:		
Ticketing programs	1,917,793	2,474,673
Sales and marketing programs	1,068,230	1,912,489
Simply Salt Lake gift shop	14,297	85,823
Partner development	1,028,762	720,563
Other general expenses	720,097	525,235
	4,749,179	5,718,783
Total expenses	18,093,578	15,400,409
Changes in net assets without donor restrictions	(928,639)	(163,559)
Net assets without donor restrictions	•	
beginning of year	3,760,808	3,924,367
Net assets without donor restrictions, end of year	\$ 2,832,169	\$ 3,760,808
. 10t account minimal action recontinuous, ena or year	Ψ 2,002,103	\$ 0,700,000

Statement of Functional Expenses Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Public Sector			Private Sector						
	Sales,		Total		Sales and	Salt and			Total	
	Marketing	General and	Public	Ticketing	Marketing	Honey	Partner	Other General	Private	Total
	and Services	Administrative	Sector	Programs	Programs	Gift Shop	Development	Expenses	Sector	Combined
Salaries and wages	\$ 4,640,772	\$ 1,355,005	\$ 5,995,777	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 722,580	\$ 29,793	\$ 752,373	\$ 6,748,150
Office expenses	-	106,406	106,406	10,332	-	7,006	11,355	-	28,693	135,099
Printing	8,387	-	8,387	-	-	-	586	-	586	8,973
Advertising and promotion	2,728,500	-	2,728,500	1,873,424	-	3,988	93,144	-	1,970,556	4,699,056
Occupancy	-	364,852	364,852	-	-	-	-	10,333	10,333	375,185
Fees for services	534,448	121,528	655,976	-	-	-	-	-	-	655,976
Travel	103,706	36,738	140,444	-	-	-	1,042	-	1,042	141,486
Conferences, conventions										
and meetings	3,028,997	632,415	3,661,412	34,037	1,078,833	-	55,740	-	1,168,610	4,830,022
Information technology	55,208	151,985	207,193	-	-	1,722	-	-	1,722	208,915
Education and awareness	52,381	14,722	67,103	-	-	-	144,315	-	144,315	211,418
Other expenses	56,413	(648,064)	(591,651)		(10,603)	1,581		679,971	670,949	79,298
	\$11,208,812	\$ 2,135,587	\$13,344,399	\$ 1,917,793	\$ 1,068,230	\$ 14,297	\$ 1,028,762	\$ 720,097	\$ 4,749,179	\$18,093,578

Statement of Functional Expenses Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Public Sector		Private Sector						
	Sales, Marketing	General and	Total Public	Ticketing	Sales and Marketing	Simply Salt Lake	Partner	Other General	Total Private	Total
	and Services	Administrative	Sector	Programs	Programs	Gift Shop	Development	Expenses	Sector	Combined
Salaries and wages	\$ 3,923,218	\$ 813,007	\$ 4,736,225	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 436,273	\$ 14,617	\$ 450,890	\$ 5,187,115
Office expenses	-	72,181	72,181	118,074	-	3,823	9,417	-	131,314	203,495
Printing	17,066	=	17,066	-	-	-	-	=	-	17,066
Advertising and promotion	1,956,140	-	1,956,140	2,325,678	-	3,207	117,497	-	2,446,382	4,402,522
Occupancy	-	356,589	356,589	-	-	55,539	-	10,333	65,872	422,461
Fees for services	451,952	267,216	719,168	-	-	-	-	-	-	719,168
Travel	28,499	20,148	48,647	-	-	-	432	-	432	49,079
Conferences, conventions										
and meetings	732,893	706,708	1,439,601	-	1,912,047	-	48,894	-	1,960,941	3,400,542
Information technology	498,728	169,450	668,178	-	-	5,161	-	-	5,161	673,339
Education and aw areness	38,540	14,645	53,185	-	-	-	108,050	-	108,050	161,235
Other expenses	78,562	(463,916)	(385,354)	30,921	442	18,093		500,285	549,741	164,387
	\$ 7,725,598	\$ 1,956,028	\$ 9,681,626	\$ 2,474,673	\$ 1,912,489	\$ 85,823	\$ 720,563	\$ 525,235	\$ 5,718,783	\$15,400,409

Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022		2021		
Cash flow from operating activities:					
Increase (decrease) in net assets	\$	(928,639)	\$	(163,559)	
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to					
cash flow from operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization		10,333		10,333	
Decrease (increase) in operating assets:					
Accounts receivable		(145,997)		10,029	
Accounts receivable, related party		21,181		(21,119)	
Deferred tax asset		- (400)		-	
Inventories		(139)		54,845	
Prepaid expenses		(50,988)		(72,541)	
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:		050 550		70.040	
Accounts payable, trade		350,578		78,948	
Accrued liabilities		(88,013)		609,528	
Deferred revenue		(584,003)		1,035,984	
Net cash flow from operating activities		(1,415,687)		1,542,448	
Cash flow from investing activities:					
Issuance of note receivable		-		(16,259)	
Proceeds from certificate of deposit maturities		1,500,000		750,000	
Net cash flow from investing activities		1,500,000		733,741	
Net increase in cash and cash					
equivalents		84,313		2,276,189	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		4,657,944		2,381,755	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	4,742,257	\$	4,657,944	
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:					
Cash paid during the year for:					
			_		
Interest	\$	-	\$	-	
Income taxes	\$	-	\$	-	

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

1. ORGANIZATION

Visit Salt Lake ("VSL" or the "Organization") is a 501(c)(6) nonprofit sales and marketing organization. VSL was established to improve the area economy by attracting and providing support to conventions, leisure travelers, and tourists to Salt Lake County. In fulfilling its mission, VSL promotes Salt Lake through development and operation of its websites, social media, advertising and both national and international public relations efforts and deploys a convention and tourism sales force to contract for conventions, tradeshows, meetings, sporting events and tour and ski tour groups having Salt Lake as their destination. VSL assists conventions with logistics, locating services offered by VSL's members, attendance promotion, and raising awareness for upcoming events. Approximately half of VSL's funding is provided by Salt Lake County through a contract for services to promote conventions and tourism. VSL obtains additional funding through the sale of memberships, sponsorships, ticketing programs, and grants, as well as charging for services rendered to local and national businesses in the meetings, conventions and tourism industry.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The Organization prepares its financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting and follows accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for nonprofit organizations and reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets, with donor restrictions and without donor restrictions, based upon the following criteria:

Net assets without donor restrictions: Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions and may be expended for any purpose in performing the primary objectives of the Organization. These net assets may be used at the discretion of VSL management and the designation of the board of directors.

Net assets with donor restrictions: Net assets subject to stipulations imposed by donors and grantors. Some donor restrictions are temporary in nature: those restrictions will be met by actions of VSL or by the passage of time. Other donor restrictions are perpetual in nature, where-by the donor has stipulated the funds be maintained in perpetuity.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual amounts could differ from these estimates.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Public and Private Sector Accounting

The accounts of VSL are maintained as one general operating entity, which is comprised of public and private sector funds. Under the terms of the operating contract with the County, all public sector receipts and expenditures are reviewed and approved by the County. All private sector receipts and expenditures are to be accounted for separately and do not require authorization from the County. Private sector also includes any governmental funding besides the County. In the normal course of business, the Organization records transactions between public and private sector divisions. These inter-division transactions are recorded in each sector with an entry to interdivision accounts payable and accounts receivable.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Organization considers all cash and highly liquid financial instruments with original maturities of three months or less, which are neither held for nor restricted by donors for long-term purposes, to be cash and cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consists of cash on hand, demand deposits, and money market accounts with financial institutions.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are stated net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. The Organization estimates the allowance based on its historical experience and on an analysis of specific customers, taking into consideration the age of past due accounts and an assessment of the customer's ability to pay. An account is written off when it is determined that all collection efforts have been exhausted.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market and consist of goods held for resale in the gift shop. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out ("FIFO") method. Market is based upon realizable value less an allowance for selling expenses and normal gross profit.

Certificates of Deposit

As of December 31, 2021, the Organization held certificates of deposit with maturities in 2022. Interest rates ranged from 2.1% to 2.4%, with interest paid periodically on a monthly or semi-annual basis and reported in the statement of activities as return on investments of **\$65,024** and \$50,778, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. As of December 31, 2022, the current portion of certifications of deposits was \$0.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property and Equipment

Under the contract with the County, the County retains ownership of all property, buildings, and equipment purchased or constructed by the VSL with County funds. Accordingly, property and equipment expenditures are not capitalized on the Organization's financial statements for the public sector, but are recorded as general and administrative expenses in the period expended. However, property and equipment specifically acquired for the private sector operations, costing in excess of \$1,000, is capitalized in the Organization's financial statements and then depreciated on a straight-line basis over the applicable useful life.

Depreciation and amortization is calculated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Useful Lives</u>
Office equipment	5 years
Computer equipment	3 years
Software	3 years
Building improvements	15 years

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The VSL's financial instruments, including cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable, and accrued liabilities are carried at cost, which approximates fair value because of the short term nature of these assets and liabilities.

Long-lived Assets

The Organization reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to future net undiscounted cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell. Management does not believe impairment indicators are present for the year ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Advance Deposits

As part of operations, VSL may receive deposits consisting of registration and housing deposits for future conventions. When applicable, these re recognized as an advance deposit in the liabilities section of the statement of financial position.

Revenue Recognition

The Organization recognizes contributions when cash, securities or other assets; an unconditional promise to give; or a notification of a beneficial interest is received. Conditional promises to give, that is, those with a measurable performance or other barrier and a right of return, are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend have been met.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenue Recognition (Continued)

Public sector revenues are derived from cost-reimbursable state contracts and grants, which are conditioned upon certain performance requirements and/or the incurrence of allowable qualifying expenses. Amounts received are accrued based on a contractual obligation with the County to fund all authorized expenditures and are recognized as revenue as expenditures are incurred in compliance with specific contract or grant provisions. Amounts received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures are reported as refundable advances in the statement of financial position.

The Organization recognizes revenue under the core principle of depicting the transfer of promised goods and services to its customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which it expects to be entitled. In order to achieve that core principle, the Organization applies the following five-step approach: (1) identify the contract with a customer, (2) identify the performance obligations in the contract, (3) determine the transaction price, (4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract, and (5) recognize revenue when a performance obligation is satisfied.

The Organization recognizes revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied by transferring promised goods or services to a customer. Private sector revenues are recognized at the point of sale, at the completion of any contracted services, or over the period of membership. The majority of private sector revenues represent ski voucher sales (Ski City Super Pass), housing and registration service fees, advertising revenues, gift shop sales, member dues, hotel participation in sales and marketing programs and funds from other governmental agencies. Funds are deposited in the general operating account and are available to VSL for both public and private sector use. Membership dues received for the coming year, if any, are recorded as deferred revenues and recognized in the period earned. Ski voucher sales anticipated to be redeemed in the following year are recorded as deferred revenue. Contract revenue is recognized as revenue in the period in which it is earned and expended. Funds received in advance under these contracts are recorded as deferred revenue. Other contract revenue is recognized as revenue in the period in which it is earned.

Trade Revenue

The Organization receives transportation and related services in exchange for membership dues and advertising, and networking opportunities. The Organization records these transactions in sales and marketing programs at the fair market value of the services exchanged at a point in time. Trade revenue was **\$50,000** and \$6,800 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Contributions and Donor Imposed Restrictions

All contributions are considered to be available for unrestricted use unless specifically restricted by the donor. Amounts received that are designated for future periods or are restricted by the donor for specific purposes are reported as net assets with donor restrictions. However, if a restriction is fulfilled in the same time period in which the contribution is received, the Organization reports the support as net assets without donor restrictions.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of programs and supporting services have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities. All direct costs are charged to the functional area they pertain to. Indirect costs are charged to the programs and supporting services based on estimates made by management, taking into account the nature of the expense and how it relates to the functional area. The Organization allocates expenses either by time and effort or by square footage depending on the nature of the expense. General and administrative costs include those expenses that are not directly identifiable with any other specific function but provide for the overall support and direction of the Organization.

Advertising Costs

Advertising costs are charged to operations when incurred. Advertising expense for the public sector was **\$1,703,355** and **\$1,462,485** the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Income Taxes

VSL is exempt from federal and state income taxes under Section 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code on the excess of revenue over expenses generated in the normal course of business. However, the Organization remains subject to income taxes on net income that is derived from a trade or business, regularly carried on, and not for the exempt purpose of the Organization. In the opinion of management the Organization does not have any unrelated business income.

Management evaluates tax positions taken or expected to be taken in preparation of the Organization's tax returns to determine if the positions are more-likely-than-not of being sustained if examined by the taxing authorities. Management has determined there are no uncertain income tax positions. The Organization's Returns of Organization Exempt from Income Tax (Form 990) generally remain subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service for three years after they are filed.

Reclassification

Certain amounts in the prior year financial statements have been reclassified in order to be comparable with the current year presentation. There were no changes to ending or beginning net assets as a result of these reclassifications.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In March of 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2016-02, Leases, which requires all leases that have a term of more than 12 months to be recognized as assets and liabilities on the balance sheet at inception. A lessee would recognize a lease liability to make lease payments owed to a lessor (liability) and a benefit for the right to use the leased asset (asset) for the lease term. The recognition, measurement, and presentation of expenses and cash flows arising from a lease by a lessee would depend on whether the lessee is expected to consume more than an insignificant portion of the economic benefits embedded in the underlying asset. The Organization adopted this guidance effective January 1, 2022. However, there were no material leases for recognition or disclosure.

In September of 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-07, *Presentation and Disclosures by Not-for-Profit Entities for Contributed Nonfinancial Assets*, which increases the transparency of contributed nonfinancial assets for not-for-profit entities through enhancements to presentation and disclosure requirements. The amendments in this update require organizations to present contributed nonfinancial assets as a separate line item in the statement of activities, apart from contributions of cash and other financial assets. Additionally, organizations are required to enhance disclosures by disaggregating the amount of nonfinancial assets recognized within the statement of activities by type of contributed nonfinancial asset and providing additional qualitative information for each disaggregated category. The Organization adopted this guidance for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

3. <u>LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY</u>

Financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the balance sheet date, comprise the following:

	2022		 2021
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,742,257	\$ 4,657,944
Certificates of deposit		-	1,500,000
Accounts receivable		759,088	613,091
Note receivable, current portion		16,197	21,119
Total financial assets		5,517,542	6,792,154
Less:			
Accounts payable, trade		(1,039,658)	(689,080)
Accrued liabilities		(1,117,148)	(1,205,161)
Financial assets available to meet			
general expenditures within one year	\$	3,360,736	\$ 4,897,913

As of December 31, 2021, the Organization held certificates of deposit for \$1,500,000 which were included as a current financial asset in the statements of financial position and in the schedule above. These certificates matured in 2022.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

3. <u>LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY (Continued)</u>

Several of VSL's marketing programs are based on a call to action involving the sale of a pass to an attraction – the Connect Pass, Ski City Super Pass, and the Pub Pass. Through various media, VSL sells a pass and when redeemed, sends an agreed upon amount to the participating attraction, ski resort or pub/drinking establishment, as the case may be. These funds are received into and paid out of a designated bank account. The amounts held for these passes were **\$66,894** and \$56,617 as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The Organization invests cash in excess of bi-weekly requirements and deposit balances required to offset banking fees in money market funds.

4. <u>NOTES RECEIVABLE</u>

During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Organization entered into an unsecured promissory note with an unrelated party in the amount of \$42,560. The note receivable bears interest at a rate of 3% per annum, requires quarterly payments of \$5,501 and is due at maturity in July 2023. As of December 31, 2022, the balance on this note was \$16,197.

As of December 31, 2022, future maturities of the notes receivable are as follows:

Years Ending December 31,

2023	\$ 16,197
Thereafter	-
Total notes receivable	 16,197
Less current portion	(16,197)
Notes receivable, less current portion	\$ -

5. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

The cost and related accumulated depreciation and amortization of property and equipment as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

	 2022	2021		
Cost Office equipment Building improvements	\$ 26,008 155,000	\$	26,008 155,000	
Total cost of property and equipment Accumulated depreciation and amortization	 181,008 (57,007)		181,008 (46,674)	
Total property and equipment, net	\$ 124,001	\$	134,334	

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

5. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

Depreciation and amortization expense was **\$10,333** and \$10,333 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

6. <u>LINE OF CREDIT</u>

VSL has a \$300,000 line of credit with interest set at prime plus 2%. The interest rate in effect was **9.50%** and 5.25% as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The line of credit does not have a maturity date. The instrument is collateralized by cash, accounts receivable, inventory and equipment. In addition, the line of credit requires that VSL meet certain financial covenants. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Organization was in compliance with all covenants included in the line of credit agreement. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the entire line of credit was unused and available.

7. REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS

The following table provides information about significant changes in the contract liabilities for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021:

	 2022	2021
Deferred revenues, beginning of year	\$ 1,437,745	\$ 401,761
Revenue recognized that was included in		
deferred revenue at the beginning of year	(1,437,745)	(401,761)
Increase in deferred revenue due to cash received	 853,742	 1,437,745
Deferred revenues, end of year	\$ 853,742	\$ 1,437,745

8. GIFT SHOP EXPENSE

Gift shop expense includes cost of goods sold of **\$4,239** and \$54,882 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In January 2018, an employee of VSL ("buyer") purchased Orchid from VSL. Per the terms of the sale agreement, all assets and liabilities of Orchid were transferred to the buyer in exchange for a cash payment of \$50,000 and a \$50,000 note receivable due on January 1, 2023 with an interest rate of 20%. Original terms of the note prohibited prepayment. However, during the year ended December 31, 2020 the note was modified to allow prepayment and the note was paid in full.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Simultaneous with the sale transaction, VSL and Orchid entered into a number of service agreements for membership, office sharing, executive services, accounting, payroll and IT support provided to VSL by Orchid. The lease agreement for office space is between Orchid and the lessor. In order for both VSL and Orchid to enjoy large group purchasing power employee benefits related to health insurance and pensions, VSL remained Employer of Record for both Orchid and VSL employees.

During the year ended December 31, 2021, VSL and Orchid entered into an agreement to terminate these services being provided. Additionally, the buyer of Orchid terminated his employment with VSL and Orchid is no longer considered to be a related party.

Payments by VSL to Orchid under the service agreements totaled **\$0** and \$217,471 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. During these periods, no interest payments were received by VSL related to the note and membership dues received totaled **\$0** and \$10,000 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

10. <u>401(k) SAVINGS PLAN</u>

VSL administers a defined contribution profit sharing and savings plan under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code for eligible employees who are at least 21 years old and have completed three months of service with the Organization.

VSL matches 100% of pretax 401(k) contributions up to 3% of base compensation plus 50% of pretax 401(k) contributions on the next 2% of base compensation subject to the limits of the Internal Revenue Code. In addition, a discretionary amount up to 3% of the employee's annual compensation may be contributed by the Organization, subject to the limits of the Internal Revenue Code and 401(k) Plan criteria.

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, VSL contributed **\$146,218** and \$105,182, respectively, in required matching contributions. The Organization made discretionary contributions of **\$92,528** and \$38,183 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

11. CONCENTRATIONS

VSL maintains its cash and cash equivalent balances at financial institutions located in Salt Lake City, Utah. The deposits may at times exceed their federally insured limits of \$250,000 established by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The Organization has not experienced any losses related to these accounts and believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on these balances.

VSL receives a significant amount of its revenue from Salt Lake County (the "County"). The County contract provided approximately **77**% and 66% of the total revenue of the Organization for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

11. CONCENTRATIONS (Continued)

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, there were concentrations in the Organization's accounts receivable balances as **85%** and 47%, respectively, of total accounts receivable balances were from one party.

12. **COMMITMENTS**

In order to entice groups to select Salt Lake City as the destination for their future convention, trade show or meeting, management has made promotional and service commitments to certain groups that VSL will be obligated to fulfill during the year of the group's arrival. These commitments are expected to increase attendance or enhance the quality of the group's event, and thus are anticipated to increase the likelihood of new or repeat bookings.

Anticipated funding for the fulfillment of these commitments is based on VSL's expectation of its continued contractual relationship with the County to fund the Organization's destination sales and marketing programs. The promotional and service commitment expenses are submitted to the County for reimbursement when incurred. However, no liability for these commitments has been accrued in the financial statements as they are contingent upon the respective individual events taking place.

Management's estimate of the costs and timing associated with fulfilling these commitments in the future are as follows:

Years Ending December 31,

2023	\$ 1,255,000
2024	25,000
2025	55,000
2026	-
2027	-
Thereafter	_
Total commitments	\$ 1,335,000

Certain grants and other funding require the fulfillment of specific conditions as set forth in the instrument of grants and contracts. Failure to fulfill the conditions could result in the return of the funds to the funders or forfeiture of future cash receipts.

As of December 31, 2022, the Organization had conditional promises to give related to open contracts. Contributions and the related receivable will not be recognized until certain conditions have been met. Amounts related to these contracts that had not yet been recognized as revenue or a receivable totaled **\$4,353,000** as of December 31, 2022.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

13. CONTRIBUTIONS OF NONFINANCIAL ASSETS

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, in-kind contributions recognized within the statement of activities consisted of the following:

	2022	2021	Utilization in Programs or Other Activities	Donor Restrictions	Valuation Techniques and Inputs
Occupancy	254,200	254,200	General & Administrative, Other General	None	Contributed facilities are valued using rent rates for space of similar size and quality.
Total	\$ 254,200	\$ 254,200			

14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been evaluated by management through the date of the audit report, which is the date the consolidated financial statements were available to be issued.